

PHYSICAL HOUSING CHARACTERISTICS FOR OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS
2017 American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates

Note: This is a modified view of the original table.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Technical Documentation](#) section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the [Methodology](#) section.

Versions of this table are available for the following years:

[2017](#)
[2016](#)
[2015](#)
[2014](#)
[2013](#)
[2012](#)
[2011](#)
[2010](#)
[2009](#)
[2008](#)
[2007](#)
[2006](#)
[2005](#)

Subject	Alaska					
	Percent occupied housing units		Percent owner-occupied housing units		Percent renter-occupied housing units	
	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	Margin of Error
Occupied housing units	250,741	+/-3,074	159,344	+/-3,559	91,397	+/-3,639
UNITS IN STRUCTURE						
1, detached	61.6%	+/-1.3	79.5%	+/-1.6	30.3%	+/-2.3
1, attached	9.5%	+/-0.9	8.2%	+/-1.1	11.8%	+/-1.8
2 apartments	5.1%	+/-0.6	2.8%	+/-0.6	9.0%	+/-1.5
3 or 4 apartments	6.7%	+/-0.8	1.7%	+/-0.5	15.5%	+/-2.0
5 to 9 apartments	4.3%	+/-0.7	0.9%	+/-0.3	10.2%	+/-1.8
10 or more apartments	8.4%	+/-0.8	2.1%	+/-0.7	19.5%	+/-1.7
Mobile home or other type of housing	4.4%	+/-0.7	4.8%	+/-1.0	3.7%	+/-1.1
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						
2014 or later	1.4%	+/-0.4	1.2%	+/-0.4	1.7%	+/-0.8
2010 to 2013	2.4%	+/-0.4	2.1%	+/-0.4	2.9%	+/-0.9
2000 to 2009	17.6%	+/-1.1	19.7%	+/-1.4	13.9%	+/-2.1
1980 to 1999	38.6%	+/-1.5	39.7%	+/-1.8	36.6%	+/-2.7
1960 to 1979	32.4%	+/-1.5	30.5%	+/-1.7	35.7%	+/-2.9
1940 to 1959	6.2%	+/-0.7	5.3%	+/-0.7	7.8%	+/-1.4
1939 or earlier	1.5%	+/-0.2	1.5%	+/-0.3	1.4%	+/-0.4
ROOMS						
1 room	3.0%	+/-0.5	1.5%	+/-0.4	5.7%	+/-1.1
2 or 3 rooms	16.9%	+/-1.1	8.5%	+/-0.9	31.5%	+/-2.7
4 or 5 rooms	39.4%	+/-1.4	37.2%	+/-1.6	43.3%	+/-2.9
6 or 7 rooms	24.4%	+/-1.2	30.9%	+/-1.6	13.0%	+/-1.8
8 or more rooms	16.4%	+/-1.0	22.0%	+/-1.5	6.5%	+/-1.1
BEDROOMS						
No bedroom	3.1%	+/-0.5	1.5%	+/-0.4	6.0%	+/-1.2
1 bedroom	11.8%	+/-1.1	5.5%	+/-0.7	22.6%	+/-2.5
2 or 3 bedrooms	64.4%	+/-1.4	65.3%	+/-1.7	62.7%	+/-2.8
4 or more bedrooms	20.7%	+/-1.1	27.6%	+/-1.5	8.7%	+/-1.5
COMPLETE FACILITIES						
With complete plumbing facilities	96.0%	+/-0.5	96.4%	+/-0.4	95.4%	+/-1.2
With complete kitchen facilities	97.0%	+/-0.5	97.5%	+/-0.3	96.1%	+/-1.1
VEHICLES AVAILABLE						
No vehicle available	10.0%	+/-0.8	6.9%	+/-0.6	15.5%	+/-1.9
1 vehicle available	29.9%	+/-1.3	22.8%	+/-1.5	42.3%	+/-2.8
2 vehicles available	38.0%	+/-1.4	40.6%	+/-1.6	33.5%	+/-2.6
3 or more vehicles available	22.1%	+/-1.2	29.7%	+/-1.6	8.7%	+/-1.5
TELEPHONE SERVICE AVAILABLE						
With telephone service	98.9%	+/-0.3	99.2%	+/-0.3	98.4%	+/-0.4
HOUSE HEATING FUEL						
Utility gas	48.0%	+/-1.2	53.1%	+/-1.3	39.1%	+/-2.4
Bottled, tank, or LP gas	1.8%	+/-0.3	2.0%	+/-0.5	1.4%	+/-0.4
Electricity	13.3%	+/-0.9	5.6%	+/-0.8	26.5%	+/-2.1
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	29.8%	+/-1.1	31.8%	+/-1.3	26.5%	+/-2.4
Coal or coke	0.2%	+/-0.1	0.2%	+/-0.1	0.3%	+/-0.3
All other fuels	6.0%	+/-0.6	7.1%	+/-0.7	4.1%	+/-0.9
No fuel used	0.9%	+/-0.3	0.2%	+/-0.1	2.0%	+/-0.8

Explanation of Symbols:

An '*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '!' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '!' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '+' following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An '****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An '*****' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see [Accuracy of the Data](#)). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Telephone service data are not available for certain geographic areas due to problems with data collection of this question that occurred in 2015 and 2016. Both ACS 1-year and ACS 5-year files were affected. It may take several years in the ACS 5-year files until the estimates are available for the geographic areas affected.

While the 2017 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the July 2015 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas, in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineations due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.